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Alexandre Fabre, Ophélie Boulogne, Jean Gaudart, E Mas, J.P. Olive, Jacques Sarles

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### Evaluation of Serum Lipase as Predictor of Severity of Acute Pancreatitis in Children

Fabre, Alexandre\*; Boulogne, Ophélie<sup>†</sup>; Gaudart, Jean<sup>†</sup>; Mas, Emmanuel<sup>‡</sup>; Olives, Jean-Pierre<sup>‡</sup>; Sarles, Jacques<sup>\*</sup>

CONTENT NOT FOR REUSE

#### LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

#### Preemptive Meso-Rex Bypass for Children With Idiopathic Prehepatic Portal Hypertension: Trick or Treat?

o the Editor. Once upon a time, in an era when the physio-pathology of the Hirschsprung disease was still unknown, ixation was on the congenitally dilated colon (1). Patients were ollowed with conservative means or palliative operations (colos-omics or resceion of dilated segments). The concept of a surject urue was introduced much later, only 50 years ago; in a few decades, to changed the life of these children. Contemporary single-para preprintal, neonatal interventions cure preemptively these chil-tren with no besitation.

the magnetical promatal interventions cure preemptively these conditions with no hesitation.

Allherit et al (2) proposed a stepwise approach to extrahepatic portal vein obstruction in children. Rex recessus was found patent at portography in 24 children and 13 were proposed for Meso-Rex bypass (MKB); 3 of the 13 MRBs were done preemptively (elective operation in patients with well-controlled esophageal varices) and the authors consider it a violation of their protocol at that time. Although Alberti et al end their discussion with only 1 word about preemptive cure as an opportunity for some children, the latter message is not clearly delivered to the audience.

some children, the latter message is not clearly delivered to the audience.

Beta-blockers, with their unproven value and repeated endo-scopic procedures (254 scierotherapies or bandings in this report) are neither curative nor without risk, although the authors choose these palliative procedures over curative surgery in the volume of the procedure of the palliative procedures over curative surgery in the volume of the palliative procedures over curative surgery in the volume of the palliative procedures over curative surgery in the volume of the palliative procedures over curative surgery in the volume of the palliative procedures over curative surgery in the volume of the palliative procedures over curative surgery in the volume of the palliative procedures over the volume of the volume of the palliative procedures over the volume of the volu

"Riccardo A. Superina aux Jean de Ville de Goyet
"Department of Pediatric Surgery. (Millhen's Memorial Hospital.

Chicago, II.

Department of Pediatric Surger, Bambino Gesù Children's
Hospital, Rome, Italy

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## Authors' Response

To the Editor. Our study reports the outcome of children with extrahepatic portal vein obstruction mariaged prospectively with the same protocol for 15 years, without any selection. In this protocol, surgery (with priority to fives portal bypass (MPB)) was indicated only after the failure of ricelifeal and endoscopic treatments. Accurate methodology, suggested considering our latest cases, which had a preemptive MPB, as violations. With these data, we could certainly notargue in favor of or against different approaches, although the vaiolations tell that we probably agree with the comment made.

We hope that Dresiperina and de Ville will have the chance to produce similar doubt on a large, unselected population of children presenting with extrahepatic portal vein obstruction and managed prospectively with a protocol considering preemptive MPB as file flast step. We look forward to reading such a study that could probe that preemptive MPB is superior to MPB carried out as a special line treatment (1). Meanwhile, we appreciate the comment fluid was a special time treatment (1) and working we agree with what, at the moment, is an expert option of the state of

Daniele Alberti and Lorenzo D'Antiga Pachiatric Surgery, University of Brescia, Presidio Ospedale dei Bambini, Brescia Pacdiatric Hepatology, Gastroenterology, and Transplantano, Hospital Papa Giovanni XXIII, Bergamo, Italy

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#### Evaluation of Serum Lipase as Predictor of Severity of Acute Pancreatitis in Children

To the Editor: The search for an easy-to-use and accurate predictor tool for the measurement of severity in acute pancreatitis is a never-ending quest. In the June 2013 issue of the Journal of Pediatric Gastroenterology and Nutrition, Coffey et al (1) suggested that serum lipase = 7 × the upper limit of normal (ULN) is a simple predictor of acute pancreatitis severity. Its sensitivity was 85% and specificity 56%. In 2012, we published a study evaluating different sooring systems for acute pancreatitis in a cohort of 48 children (2). Because we had the lipase level for 44 of them, we could test the usefulness of serum lipase in our cobort. Among these 44 children, 11 were classified as having severe pancreatitis and 33 with its mild form, according to the criteria

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